Summary. This pamphlet provides information about the use of excused absence.

Summary of Change. This revision authorizes excused absence for employees during periods of inclement weather (para 4d) and incorporates administrative changes.

Applicability. This pamphlet applies to appropriated fund and nonappropriated fund U.S. civilian employees in the European theater.

Forms. AE and higher level forms are available through the Army in Europe Library & Publishing System at https://aepubs.army.mil/.

Suggested Improvements. The proponent of this pamphlet is the USAREUR G1 (AEAGA-CE, DSN 379-6440). Users may suggest improvements to this pamphlet by sending DA Form 2028 to the USAREUR G1 (AEAGA-CE), Unit 29351, APO AE 09014-9351.

Distribution. C (AEPUBS).
1. PURPOSE
Excused absence is an administratively authorized absence that does not result in the loss of pay or a charge to leave of any kind. This pamphlet provides guidance on excused absence for managers, supervisors, and civilian employees.

2. REFERENCES
   a. Publications.
      (1) United States Code, Title 5, chapter 63, Leave.
      (2) Code of Federal Regulations, Title 5, part 630, Absence and Leave.
      (3) DOD Instruction 1400.25, volume 630, Leave; and volume 610, Hours of Duty.
      (4) AR 215-3, Nonappropriated Funds Personnel Policy.
      (5) AR 600-63, Army Health Promotion.

   b. Form. DA Form 2028, Recommended Changes to Publications and Blank Forms.

3. EXPLANATION OF ABBREVIATIONS
   AE        Army in Europe
   AEPUBS    Army in Europe Library & Publishing System
   AR        Army regulation
   DA        Department of the Army
   DOD       Department of Defense
   DODEA     Department of Defense Education Activity
   EAP       Employee Assistance Program
   IMCOM-Europe United States Army Installation Management Command, Europe Region
   PCS       permanent change of station
   U.S.      United States
   USAREUR   United States Army Europe

4. GUIDANCE
Commanders and supervisors have the authority to grant excused absence, commonly referred to as administrative leave, for U.S. civilian employees according to the principles in the references (para 2).
a. Excused absence may be approved only when it clearly serves the best interest of the U.S. Government. It will not be approved when paid leave is appropriate. Generally, if an activity or task is required by the Government and must be accomplished during normal duty hours, it should be recorded as duty time or excused absence. The following are examples of instances where excused absence may be appropriate:

(1) Tardiness and brief absences (less than 1 hour).

(2) After prolonged overtime or official travel.

(3) For job interviews within DOD. Employees who are competing for positions within DOD may be granted excused absence for associated interviews. Employees who are under notice of separation or change to a lower grade for reasons other than personal cause may be granted excused absence for job searches or interviews with other employers. The period of excused absence for any interview or job search will not cover travel time outside the commuting area.

(4) To obtain personnel or equal employment opportunity office services.

(5) To participate in official special-emphasis program observances that are command-sanctioned (for example, those associated with Asian-Pacific American Heritage Month or Black History Month).

(6) To undergo agency-required medical examinations.

(7) To attend the initial counseling session resulting from a referral under the Employee Assistance Program (EAP) (for example, alcohol, drug, financial). The employee is in a duty status during the first appointment with an EAP official that results in the referral to counseling.

(8) To take certification or license tests in an employee’s functional area. An employee may be granted excused absence to take a test (for example, certified public accountant examination) in his or her functional area if the certification or license would enhance the employee’s professional stature, thereby benefiting DOD. This does not include time to prepare for the test.

(9) To vote.

(10) To allow employees with children enrolled in Department of Defense Education Activity (DODEA) schools the opportunity to attend scheduled parent-teacher conferences.

(11) To participate as a volunteer in mentoring and other officially sanctioned programs that assist teachers in DODEA schools or in non-DOD elementary and secondary schools. This is not intended to cover such activities as one-on-one tutoring of a child by the child’s own parent. The employee may not be compensated for services.

(12) For blood donations (generally no more than 4 hours).

(13) To serve on USAREUR or IMCOM-Europe councils, boards, or committees.

(14) To participate in a one-time, command-sponsored fitness program. Excused time of up to 3 hours per week for up to 6 months is permitted.
(15) To respond to host-nation court summons by serving as a witness in criminal proceedings or
to serve as a disinterested witness in civil proceedings. Cooperation with host-nation governmental
authorities will generally further agency functions by helping to meet treaty or other obligations to the
host nation and by preserving good host-nation relations. Excused absence is not appropriate for private
litigation.

(16) In association with a permanent change of station (PCS). The key to granting an appropriate
amount of time away from the workplace for PCS-related activities or tasks is the employee’s personal
responsibility to request and use only the minimum amount of time required for each activity or task.
Also key is the supervisor’s assessment, determination, and approval of reasonable requests. Time away
from the workplace for PCS-related activities or tasks will be split between excused absence and duty
time.

(a) Excused absence should be granted for inspection of privately owned vehicles, in- and
outprocessing, opening and closing bank accounts, and obtaining a drivers license and license plates.

(b) Some time away from the workplace to complete PCS requirements will be appropriately
documented as “duty time” on the employee’s timecard instead of as excused absence. The supervisor
should grant duty time away from the workplace to obtain a passport, to get vaccinations (up to 4 hours),
to meet Government housing authority requirements, and to be present for packing and receiving
household goods (generally up to 24 hours (3 workdays) for each).

(c) Family members who are employees and who are listed on their sponsor’s orders may be
granted excused absence to obtain an official passport and required vaccinations. Using excused absence
(instead of duty time) for Family members to “adhere to Government housing authority requirements” is
appropriate only when the sponsor is not available because of temporary duty (TDY) or other mission
requirements.

b. The commander or supervisor will, when possible, grant an employee excused absence to attend
Family readiness group functions if the employee is either of the following:

(1) The spouse of a deployed Soldier or civilian employee.

(2) Performing official Family readiness group functions.

c. Civilian employees whose spouses (military or civilian) are deploying or redeploying will be
granted excused absence to participate in deployment and reintegration activities (for example,
deployment briefings, deployment ceremonies, welcoming and award ceremonies, Family counseling
before and after redeployment, financial and legal counseling, benefits briefings, other officially
sanctioned reintegration activities). Managers will approve requests for excused absence unless this
would adversely affect the mission. Where possible, managers will look for alternative ways to
accomplish the mission to allow spouses time off.

d. Inclement weather releases will be accomplished according to DOD Instruction 1400.25, volume
610. Garrison commanders should coordinate with local mission commanders to ensure consistency, to
the extent practicable, in authorizing early dismissal, delayed arrival, or post closure during inclement
weather. Employees who are normally scheduled to work (for example, not in an approved leave status)
will be granted excused absence. Employees already in an approved leave status on the date of the
inclement weather will continue to have their absence charged to the appropriate approved leave
category.