

OIR IN BRIEF

The 12th quarterly report from the Lead Inspector General for Operation Inherent Resolve (OIR) summarizes the quarter's key events and oversight of the U.S. operation to defeat ISIS.

Territory Liberated from ISIS pp. 18, 25-27

October 20: Raqqah, Syria, the capital of the self-declared "caliphate" of ISIS.

November 3: Dayr az Zawr, Syria, a major base of operations. **November 19: Bukamal,** last ISIS stronghold in Syria.

December 9: Remaining strongholds in **Anbar,** Iraq's western desert province and pro-Syrian regime forces.

Civilian Casualty Numbers Disputed

p. 21

1:5 Ratio of Coalition airstrikes against ISIS that killed civilians, according to media analysis.

1:157 Official ratio reported by the Coalition.

3,200 Civilians estimated killed by Coalition and Iraqi airstrikes in the fight for Mosul.

Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) Return

pp. 58, 61

- Iraqi IDP population dropped from 3.2 million to 2.6 million from October 1 to December 31.
- 34,000 of the 264,000 Raqqah IDPs returned.
- 120,000 IDPs left 12 camps around Mosul in Ninewa province, but 800,000 remained displaced.

Regional Tensions Contribute To Instability

pp. 31, 35, 38

- Iraqi forces seized territory claimed by the Kurds.
- Iran exerted political influence in Iraq through the Shia militias that helped fight ISIS.
- Iranian activity in Syria provoked U.S. sanctions and Israeli airstrikes.
- Turkish forces entered northern Syria in a show of force to the Kurdish fighters there.
- Russian forces continued to operate at dangerously close proximity to Coalition forces.

Oversight

pp. 68-73, 83-89

REPORTS

7 Reports completed relating to OIR, including a review of counternarcotics activities.

52 Oversight projects **ongoing**.

INVESTIGATIONS

8 Investigations initiated, involving fraud, corruption, theft, and trafficking in persons.

74 OIR-related investigations remained open

\$2.6 million DoD security contractor agreed to repay to settle claims of falsifying documents to hide unqualified security guards.

OPERATION PACIFIC EAGLE-PHILIPPINES

OCTOBER 1, 2017-DECEMBER 30, 2017



OPE-P IN BRIEF

Designated on **September 1, 2017**, Operation Pacific Eagle-Philippines (OPE-P) is the U.S. mission to support the Philippine government in its fight against ISIS-Philippines (ISIS-P) and other violent extremist organizations. The Lead IG for OPE-P was designated on **November 16** and issued the 1st report on OPE-P this quarter.

Counterterrorism Assistance pp. 99, 103

- OPE-P is aimed at defeating **ISIS-P** and other terrorist organizations in the southern Philippines.
- **200-300 U.S. advisors** train, advise, and assist the Philippine forces in counterterrorism operations.
- DoD provides logistical support, intelligence sharing, operational planning, and surveillance.
- U.S. has **no permanent bases** in the Philippines and conducts extended **temporary deployments** at the request of the Philippine government.

Devastation on Mindanao pp. 101, 104-105

- ISIS-P seized the provincial capital of Marawi and held it from May-October 2017.
- The fighting **displaced 98 percent** of the city's **200,000** residents and **154,000** from surrounding areas.
- 97,000 IDPs have returned, but many found homes and businesses destroyed or looted.
- USAID committed **\$20.9 million** in emergency relief for Marawi, but total reconstruction costs could reach **\$2 billion**.

LEAD INSPECTOR GENERAL FOR OVERSEAS CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS