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OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

DEFENSE BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE
BUDGET DATA FOR THE CLOSURE OF
MARINE CORPS AIR STATIONS EL TORO AND
TUSTIN, CALIFORNIA, AND REALIGNMENT TO
NAVAL AIR STATION MIRAMAR, CALIFORNIA

Report No. 95-223

June 8, 1995

Department of Defense

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Acronyms

BRAC COBRA MCAS MILCON NAS Base Realignment and Closure Cost of Base Realignment Actions Marine Corps Air Station Military Construction

Naval Air Station



INSPECTOR GENERAL

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE 400 ARMY NAVY DRIVE ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA 22202-2884



June 8, 1995

MEMORANDUM FOR ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF THE NAVY (FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT AND COMPTROLLER)

SUBJECT: Audit Report on Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for the Closure of Marine Corps Air Stations El Toro and Tustin, California, and Realignment to Naval Air Station Miramar, California (Report No. 95-223)

We are providing this final audit report for your information and use. This report is one in a series of reports about FY 1996 Defense base realignment and closure military construction costs. We considered comments on a draft of this report in preparing the final report.

Comments on the draft report conformed to the requirements of DoD Directive 7650.3 and left no unresolved issues. Although the Navy nonconcurred with recommendation 3.a., the Navy's explanation of its military construction project data revision process satisfies the intent of the recommendation. As a result of management comments, we deleted draft Recommendation 3.a.

We appreciate the courtesies extended to the audit staff. Questions on the audit should be directed to Mr. Wayne K. Million, Audit Program Director, at (703) 604-9312 (DSN 664-9312) or Mr. Nicholas E. Como, Audit Project Manager, at (703) 604-9303 (DSN 664-9303). If management requests, we will provide a formal briefing on the audit. See Appendix F for the report distribution. The audit team members are listed inside the back cover.

> David K. Steensma Deputy Assistant Inspector General

David H. Steensma

for Auditing

Office of the Inspector General, DoD

Report No. 95-223 (Project No. 5CG-5017.01)

June 8, 1995

Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for the Closure of Marine Corps Air Stations El Toro and Tustin, California, and Realignment to Naval Air Station Miramar, California

Executive Summary

Introduction. Public Law 102-190, "National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993," December 5, 1991, directs the Secretary of Defense to ensure that the amount of the authorization that DoD requested for each military construction project associated with Defense base realignment and closure does not exceed the original estimated cost provided to the Commission on Defense Base Closure and Realignment (the Commission). If the requested budget amounts exceed the original project cost estimates provided to the Commission, the Secretary of Defense is required to explain to Congress the reasons for the differences. The Inspector General, DoD, is required to review each Defense base realignment and closure military construction project for which a significant difference exists from the original cost estimate and to provide the results of the review to the congressional Defense committees. This report is one in a series of reports about FY 1996 Defense base realignment and closure military construction costs.

Audit Objectives. The overall audit objective was to determine the accuracy of Defense base realignment and closure military construction budget data. This report provides the results of the audit of 10 project line items, valued at \$41 million, for the closure of Marine Corps Air Stations El Toro and Tustin, California, and the realignment to Naval Air Station Miramar, California. This audit also assessed the adequacy of the management control program as it applied to the audit objective.

Audit Results. The Marine Corps properly estimated construction requirements for 9 of the 10 BRAC MILCON project line items, valued at \$35 million, related to the realignment. Marine Corps Air Station El Toro overestimated engine test cell requirements for the closure of Marine Corps Air Stations El Toro and Tustin and the realignment to Naval Air Station Miramar. The net overstated amount totaled \$3.5 million. See Part I for a discussion of the finding. See Appendix D for a summary of potential benefits of the audit. The review of the management control program will be discussed in a summary report on Defense base realignment and closure military construction budget data.

Summary of Recommendations. We recommend that the Marine Corps revise and resubmit construction cost estimates for the engine test cell. In addition, we recommend that the Navy reduce construction funding and reprogram the funds to other supported and unfunded Defense base realignment and closure military construction projects. We also recommend that the Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command, revise the statement of work on the architecture and engineering contract.

Management Comments. The Navy concurred and agreed to revise, resubmit, and reduce the funding for the engine test cell portion of project P-006T, "Aircraft Maintenance Complex." Based on final certification from the Naval Facilities Engineering Command, the Comptroller of the Navy will reprogram the excess engine test cell funding to other unfunded Defense base realignment and closure requirements by May 1995. The Navy also concurred and agreed to revise the architectural engineering contract statement of work to reflect a 3,500-square-foot engine test cell facility by May 1995. However, the Navy nonconcurred and did not agree to establish procedures that would notify appropriate commands when architectural and engineering designs are changed. The Navy stated that the Comptroller review process would incorporate any design changes into a revised military construction project data sheet.

Audit Response. As a result of management comments, we deleted the draft recommendation to inform commands to modify DD Form 1391, "FY 1996 Military Construction Project Data," when architect and engineering designs are changed. Navy comments are responsive and no additional comments are required. A complete text of management comments is in Part III of this report.

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Part I - Audit Results

Audit Background

The Inspector General, DoD, is performing various audits of the Defense base realignment and closure (BRAC) process. This report is one in a series of reports about FY 1996 BRAC military construction (MILCON) costs. For additional information on the BRAC process and the overall scope of the audit of BRAC MILCON costs, see Appendix C.

Audit Objectives

The overall audit objective was to determine the accuracy of BRAC MILCON budget data. The specific objectives were to determine whether the proposed projects were valid BRAC requirements, whether the decision for MILCON was supported with required documentation including an economic analysis, and whether the economic analysis considered existing facilities. The audit also assessed the adequacy of the Marine Corps Air Station (MCAS) El Toro, California, management control program as it applied to the overall audit objective.

This report provides the result of the audit of 10 line items from 3 BRAC MILCON projects, valued at \$41 million, for the closure of MCAS El Toro and Tustin, California, and the realignment to Naval Air Station (NAS) Miramar, California. Of the 10 line items, 9 items, valued at \$35 million, contained no deficiencies. See Appendix A for a discussion of the scope and methodology and Appendix B for a summary of prior coverage related to the audit objectives. The management control program will be discussed in a summary report on BRAC MILCON budget data. Therefore, this report does not discuss our review of management controls at MCAS El Toro.

Engine Test Cell Facility

MCAS El Toro overestimated space requirements for an engine test cell facility to be constructed at NAS Miramar. The engine test cell facility size was overstated because the Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command (Southern Division), proposed a larger engine test cell design to replace existing engine test cells at MCAS Tustin. As a result, the \$6.6 million engine test cell facility portion of project P-006T, "Aircraft Maintenance Complex," was overstated by \$3.5 million.

Facility Planning for Engine Test Cells

Guidance for Establishing and Supporting Space Requirements. Public Law 101-510, "Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990," November 5, 1990, establishes funds to be used for the closure and realignment of military units and support facilities. Section 2905 of Public Law 101-510 states that funds from the Department of Defense Base Closure Account should be used only for the actions that may be necessary to close or realign any military installation, including the construction of replacement facilities. Naval Facilities Engineering Command Instruction 11010.44E, "Shore Facilities Planning Manual," October 1, 1990, outlines policy on the responsibilities and procedures for the facilities planning process. Naval Facilities Engineering Command Publication P-80, "Facility Planning Criteria for Navy and Marine Corps Shore Installations," October 1982, category 211-81, "Engine Test Cell," provides general guidance for the construction of engine test cell facilities.

Project P-006T Space Requirements and Cost Estimates for Engine Test Cells. The DD Form 1391, "FY 1996 Military Construction Project Data," October 20, 1994, contains a 7,500-square-foot requirement for an engine test cell facility, estimated to cost \$6.6 million. The basic facility requirement indicated a requirement for four engine test cells. Two of the four engine test cells were for testing fixed-wing engines, and the remaining two engine test cells were for testing rotary-wing engines.

Analysis of Engine Test Cell Requirements

Naval Planning of Engine Test Cell Facility Requirements. The Marine Corps determined that the two engine test cells for the fixed-wing engine (F/A-18 Hornet aircraft) could be adequately accommodated with the existing engine test cell facility at NAS Miramar. However, new construction was needed for the T-64 and the T-58 rotary-wing engine test cells. The new construction requirement was arbitrarily established at 7,500 square feet to accommodate a proposed "universal" engine test cell design. The universal

engine test cell would be able to test all shaft engines in the Naval inventory. The universal engine test cell design was proposed by Southern Division, which is responsible for the design and building of all engine test cells in the Navy and the Marine Corps.

Engine Test Cell Design Status. In June 1994, Southern Division concluded that the engine test cells to be built at NAS Miramar would be predicated on the engine test cells currently located at MCAS Tustin. The Tustin facility consisted of a 2,974-square-foot rotary-wing test cell building that had been modified for safety reasons to 3,500 square feet. However, Southern Division did not instruct the MCAS El Toro BRAC office that a reduction in the square feet and funding requirement on the DD Form 1391 was necessary. On February 6, 1995, based on the unadjusted DD Form 1391, Southern Division awarded an architect and engineering design contract for a \$6.6 million rotary-wing engine test cell facility. Because the cost per square foot was already established at \$874 on the DD Form 1391, a \$6.6 million budget would still result in a 7,500-square-foot facility, a facility larger than the 3,500 square feet necessary.

Summary

Section 2905 of Public Law 101-510 stipulates that funds authorized for BRAC should only be used to construct replacement facilities or facilities necessary to meet mission requirements. The proposed engine test cell facility construction estimate of 7,500 square feet is overstated. The existing 2,974-square-foot facility, modified for safety reasons to 3,500 square feet, was determined to be more than adequate for the engine test cells. A reduction of 4,000 square feet would reduce engine test cell construction costs at NAS Miramar by \$3.5 million.

Recommendations and Management Comments

Deleted and Renumbered Recommendations. As a result of management comments, we deleted draft Recommendation 3.a. and renumbered draft Recommendation 3.b. as Recommendation 3.

- 1. We recommend that the Commander, Marine Corps Air Station El Toro, revise and resubmit the engine test cells portion of DD Form 1391, "FY 1996 Military Construction Project Data," for project P-006T, "Aircraft Maintenance Complex," according to the existing rotary-wing engine test cell facility and requirements.
- 2. We recommend that the Comptroller of the Navy reduce the total funding allocated for the engine test cell portion of project P-006T, "Aircraft

Maintenance Complex," by \$3.5 million and reprogram the \$3.5 million to other supported and unfunded Defense base realignment and closure military construction projects.

3. We recommend that the Commander, Naval Facilities Engineering Command, revise the statement of work on the architect and engineering contract, contract N62467-91-C-0583, dated February 6, 1995, to reflect the design of a 3,500-square-foot engine test cell facility.

Department of Navy Comments. The Navy concurred and agreed to revise, resubmit, and reduce the funding for the engine test cell portion of project P-006T. Based on final certification from the Naval Facilities Engineering Command, the Comptroller of the Navy will reprogram the excess engine test cell funding to other unfunded BRAC requirements by May 1995. The Navy also concurred and agreed to revise, by May 1995, the architectural engineering contract statement of work to reflect a 3,500-square-foot engine test cell facility. However, the Navy did not agree to establish procedures that would notify appropriate commands when architectural and engineering designs are changed. The Navy stated that the Comptroller of the Navy review process would incorporate any design changes into a revised military construction project data sheet.

Audit Response. Navy comments are responsive. We deleted draft Recommendation 3.a. because Navy actions satisfy the intent of the recommendations. No additional comments are required.

Part II - Additional Information

Appendix A. Scope and Methodology

Scope of This Audit. We examined the FY 1996 BRAC MILCON budget request and related documentation for six realignment projects regarding the transfer of MCAS El Toro and Tustin and the realignment to NAS Miramar. Those six projects are listed below in Table A-1, and were estimated to cost a total of \$212 million.

Table A-1. FY 1996 BRAC MILCON Projects for Realignment to NAS Miramar

Project <u>Number</u>	Project Title	Estimated Cost
P-001T	Airfield Parking Aprons and Pads	\$ 50,297,000
P-002T	Bachelor Enlisted Quarters	38,654,000
P-006T	Aircraft Maintenance Complex	65,970,000
P-008T	Operational Support Complex	14,420,000
P-009T	Utilities Improvement	19,750,000
P-010T	Maintenance Facilities	22,940,000
Total		\$212,031,000

Related Audit Coverage and Project Selection Methodology. The Naval Audit Service conducted an audit of the BRAC MILCON projects realigning to NAS Miramar and issued a report in April 1994. We agreed with the Naval Audit Service to review those project line items that were added or that had a change in scope that could not be justified by the Naval Audit Service since the completion of their audit. The 10 project line items we reviewed are listed in Table A-2. Of the 10 line items, 9 items, valued at \$35 million, contained no deficiencies.

Table A-2. Inspector General, DoD, Reviewed FY 1996 BRAC Projects for Realignment to NAS Miramar

Total		\$41,240,000
P-008T	Filling Station	1,420,000
P-008T	Ordnance Operations Building	900,000
P-008T	Control Tower	750,000
P-006T	Engine Test Cell - New	6,560,000
P-006T	GSE Holding Shed Alterations	680,000
P-006T	Power Check Pad	3,100,000
P-006T	Maintenance Hanger	5,650,000
P-001T	Combat Loading Area	3,080,000
P-001T	Taxiway	17,600,000
P-001T	Helicopter Landing Pad	\$ 1,500,000
Project <u>Number</u>	Project Title	Estimated Cost

Audit Standards, Period, and Locations. This economy and efficiency audit was made from January through March 1995 in accordance with auditing standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States as implemented by the Inspector General, DoD. Accordingly, we included tests of management controls considered necessary. The audit did not rely on computer-processed data or statistical sampling procedures. See Appendix D for the potential benefits resulting from the audit. Appendix E lists the organizations visited or contacted during the audit.

Appendix B. Summary of Prior Audits and Other Reviews

Since 1991, numerous audit reports have addressed DoD BRAC issues. This appendix lists selected DoD and Navy BRAC reports.

Inspector General, DoD

Report No.	Report Title	Date	
95-222	Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for the Proposed Construction of the Automotive Vehicle Maintenance Facility, Guam	June 7, 1995	
95-221	Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for the Closure of Naval Training Center San Diego, California	June 6, 1995	
95-213	Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for the Naval Training Center Great Lakes, Illinois	June 2, 1995	
95-212	Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for Fort Jackson, South Carolina	June 2, 1995	
95-208	Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for Realignment of Construction Battalion Unit 416 From Naval Air Station Alameda, California, to Naval Air Station Fallon, Nevada	May 31, 1995	
95-205	Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for the Relocation of Marine Corps Manpower Center at Marine Corps Combat Development Command, Quantico, Virginia	May 26, 1995	
95-203	Defense Base Realignment and Closure Military Construction Budget Data for Army Reserve Center, Sacramento, California	May 25, 1995	

Report No.	Report Title	Date	
95-198	Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for the Closure of the Underway Replenishment Training Facility, Treasure Island, California, and Realignment to the Expeditionary Warfare Training Group Atlantic, Norfolk, Virginia	May 19, 1995	
95-196	Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for the Closure of Naval Air Station Alameda, California, and Realignment to Puget Sound Naval Shipyard, Washington	May 17, 1995	
95-191	Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for the Closure of Naval Reserve Readiness Center San Francisco, California, and Realignment to Naval and Marine Corps Reserve Center Alameda, California	May 15, 1995	
95-172	Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for Griffiss Air Force Base, New York	April 13, 1995	
95-154	Audit of Construction Budget Data for Realigning Naval Training Centers Orlando and San Diego to Various Locations	March 21, 1995	
95-150	Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for Closing Naval Station Charleston, South Carolina, and Realigning Projects at Various Sites	March 15, 1995	
95-051	Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for Closing Mare Island Naval Shipyard, California, and Realigning Projects to Various Sites	December 9, 1994	
95-041	Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for the Closure of Marine Corps Air Stations El Toro and Tustin, California, and the Realignment to Naval Air Station Miramar, California	November 25, 1994	

Report No.	Report Title	Date	
95-039	Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for Naval Air Station Miramar, California, Realigning to Naval Air Station Fallon, Nevada	November 25, 1994	
95-037	Realignment of the Fleet and Mine Warfare Training Center From Naval Station Charleston, South Carolina, to Naval Station Ingleside, Texas	November 23, 1994	
95-029	Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for Naval Air Station Miramar, California, and Realigning Projects to Various Sites	November 15, 1994	
95-010	Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for Marine Corps Air Station Tustin, California, and Realignment to Marine Corps Air Station Camp Pendleton, California	October 17, 1994	
94-179	Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for McGuire Air Force Base, New Jersey; Barksdale Air Force Base, Louisiana; and Fairchild Air Force Base, Washington	August 31, 1994	
94-146	Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for Closing Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Florida, and Realigning Projects to Various Sites	June 21, 1994	
94-141	Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for Naval Air Stations Dallas, Texas, and Memphis, Tennessee, Realigning to Carswell Air Reserve Base, Texas	June 17, 1994	
94-127	Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for the Realignment of the Defense Personnel Support Center to the Naval Aviation Supply Office Compound in North Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	June 10, 1994	

Report No.	Report Title	Date
94-126	Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for the Closure of Naval Air Station Glenview, Illinois, and Realignment Projects at Fort McCoy, Wisconsin, and Carswell Air Reserve Base, Texas	June 10, 1994
94-125	Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for the Naval Medical Center Portsmouth, Virginia	June 8, 1994
94-121	Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for Naval Air Technical Training Center, Naval Air Station Pensacola, Florida	June 7, 1994
94-109	Quick-Reaction Report on the Audit of Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for Naval Training Center Great Lakes, Illinois	May 19, 1994
94-108	Quick-Reaction Report on the Audit of Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for Naval Station Treasure Island, California	May 19, 1994
94-107	Griffiss Air Force Base, New York, Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for Military Construction at Other Sites	May 19, 1994
94-105	Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for a Tactical Support Center at Naval Air Station Whidbey Island, Washington	May 18, 1994
94-104	Defense Base Realignment and Closure Budget Data for the Defense Contract Management District-West	May 18, 1994
94-103	Air Force Reserve 301st Fighter Wing Covered Aircraft Washrack Project, Carswell Air Reserve Base, Texas	May 18, 1994
94-040	Summary Report on the Audit of Defense Base Closure and Realignment Budget Data for FYs 1993 and 1994	February 14, 1994

Report No.	Report Title	Date
93-100	Summary Report on the Audit of Defense Base Closure and Realignment Budget Data for Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993	May 25, 1993

Naval Audit Service

Report No.	Report Title	Date	
041-S-94	FY 1995 Military Construction Projects From Decisions of 1993 Base Closure and Realignment Commission	April 15, 1994	
023-S-94	Military Construction Projects Budgeted and Programmed for Bases Identified for Closure or Realignment	January 14, 1994	
028-C-93	Implementation of the 1993 Base Closure and Realignment Process	March 15, 1993	

Appendix C. Background of Defense Base Realignment and Closures and Scope of the Audit of FY 1996 Defense Base Realignment and Closure Military Construction Costs

Commission on Defense Base Closure and Realignment. On May 3, 1988, the Secretary of Defense chartered the Commission on Defense Base Closure and Realignment (the Commission) to recommend military installations for realignment and closure. Congress passed Public Law 100-526, "Defense Authorization Amendments and Base Closure and Realignment Act," October 24, 1988, which enacted the Commission's recommendations. The law also established the DoD Base Closure Account to fund any necessary facility renovation or MILCON projects associated with BRAC. Public Law 101-510, "Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990," November 5, 1990, reestablished the Commission. The law also chartered the Commission to meet during calendar years 1991, 1993, and 1995 to verify that the process for realigning and closing military installations was timely and independent. In addition, the law stipulates that realignment and closure actions must be completed within 6 years after the President transmits the recommendations to Congress. The following table summarizes the current estimated costs and net savings for the previous three BRAC actions and the actions recommended in the 1995 Commission decisions:

BRAC Costs and Savings (Billions of FY 1996 Dollars)

		_	Closure		Recurring	
	BRAC Ac	BRAC Actions		6-Year Net	Annual	Total
	Realignments	Closures	_Costs_	<u>Savings</u>	Savings	<u>Savings</u>
1988	86	59	\$ 2.2	\$0.3	\$0.7	\$ 6.8
1991	34	48	4.0	2.4	1.6	15.8
1993	<u>130</u>	<u>45</u>	6.9	0.4	<u>1.9</u>	<u> 15.7</u>
Subtota	al 250	152	13.1	3.1	4.2	38.3
1995	<u>113</u>	_33	3.8	4.0	1.8	<u> 18.4</u>
Total	363	185	\$16.9	\$7.1	\$6.0	\$56.7

Required Defense Reviews of BRAC Estimates. Public Law 102-190, "National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993," December 5, 1991, states that the Secretary of Defense shall ensure that the authorization amount that DoD requested for each MILCON project associated with BRAC actions does not exceed the original estimated cost provided to the Commission. Public Law 102-190 also states that the Inspector General, DoD, must evaluate significant increases in BRAC MILCON project costs over the estimated costs provided to the Commission and send a report to the congressional Defense committees.

Appendix C. Background of Defense Base Realignment and Closures and Scope of the Audit of FY 1996 Defense Base Realignment and Closure Military Construction Costs

Military Department BRAC Cost-Estimating Process. To develop cost estimates for the Commission, the Military Departments used the Cost of Base Realignment Actions computer model (COBRA). COBRA uses standard cost factors to convert the suggested BRAC options into dollar values to provide a way to compare the different options. After the President and Congress approve the BRAC actions, DoD realigning activity officials prepare a DD Form 1391, "FY 1996 Military Construction Project Data," for each individual MILCON project required to accomplish the realigning actions. COBRA provides cost estimates as a realignment and closure package for a particular realigning or closing base. The DD Form 1391 provides specific cost estimates for an individual BRAC MILCON project.

Limitations and Expansion to Overall Audit Scope. Because COBRA develops cost estimates as a BRAC package and not for individual BRAC MILCON projects, we were unable to determine the amount of cost increases for each individual BRAC MILCON project. Additionally, because of prior audit efforts that determined potential problems with all BRAC MILCON projects, our audit objectives included all large BRAC MILCON projects.

Overall Audit Selection Process. We reviewed the FY 1996 BRAC MILCON \$1.4 billion budget submitted by the Military Departments and the Defense Logistics Agency. We excluded projects that were previously reviewed by DoD audit organizations. We grouped the remaining BRAC MILCON projects by location and selected groups of projects that totaled at least \$1 million for each group.

Appendix D. Summary of Potential Benefits Resulting From Audit

Recommendation Reference	Description of Benefit	Amount and Type of Benefit	
1.	Economy and Efficiency. Revises and resubmits BRAC MILCON estimates based on established criteria.	Undeterminable.*	
2.	Economy and Efficiency. Adjusts the FY 1996 BRAC MILCON budget for project P-006T, "Aircraft Maintenance Complex," for an overstated test cell facility.	FY 1996 Base Closure Account funds of about \$3.5 million put to better use.*	
3.	Economy and Efficiency. Revises and resubmits the statement of work on the architect and engineering contract for design of engine test cell facility.	Undeterminable.*	

^{*}Exact amount of additional benefits to be realized will be determined by future budget decisions and budget requests.

Appendix E. Organizations Visited or Contacted

Office of the Secretary of Defense

Marine Corps Air Station Tustin, CA

Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller), Washington, DC

Department of the Navy

Assistant Secretary of Navy (Financial Management), Washington, DC
Office of the Comptroller of the Navy, Washington, DC
Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Alexandria, VA
Southern Division, North Charleston, SC
Southwest Division, San Diego, CA
Naval Air Systems Command, Arlington, VA
Space and Naval Warfare Systems Command, Arlington, VA
Naval Command, Control and Ocean Surveillance Center, In-Service
Engineering - West Coast Division, San Diego, CA
Naval Command, Control and Ocean Surveillance Center, In-Service
Engineering - East Coast Division, North Charleston, SC
Naval Air Station Miramar, CA
Marine Air Base West, El Toro, CA
Marine Corps Air Station El Toro, CA

Appendix F. Report Distribution

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Deputy Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller/Program/Budget)
Under Secretary of Defense (Personnel and Readiness)
Assistant Secretary of Defense (Economic Security)
Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense (Installations)
Assistant to the Secretary of Defense (Public Affairs)

Department of the Army

Auditor General, Department of the Army

Department of the Navy

Assistant Secretary of the Navy (Financial Management and Comptroller)
Assistant Secretary of the Navy (Installations and Environment)
Deputy Chief of Naval Operations (Logistics)
Commander, Naval Facilities Engineering Command
Commander, Southern Division
Commander, Southwest Division
Commander, Southwest Division
Commander, Marine Corps
Commander, Marine Air Base West
Commander, Marine Corps Air Station El Toro
Commander, Marine Corps Air Station Tustin
Auditor General, Department of the Navy

Department of the Air Force

Assistant Secretary of the Air Force (Financial Management and Comptroller) Auditor General, Department of the Air Force

Other Defense Organizations

Director, Defense Contract Audit Agency
Director, Defense Logistics Agency
Director, National Security Agency
Inspector General, National Security Agency
Inspector General, Central Imagery Office

Non-Defense Federal Organizations and Individuals

Office of Management and Budget

Technical Information Center, National Security and International Affairs Division, General Accounting Office

Chairman and ranking minority member of each of the following congressional committees and subcommittees:

Senate Committee on Appropriations

Senate Subcommittee on Defense, Committee on Appropriations

Senate Committee on Armed Services

Senate Committee on Governmental Affairs

House Committee on Appropriations

House Subcommittee on National Security, Committee on Appropriations

House Committee on Government Reform and Oversight

House Subcommittee on National Security, International Affairs, and Criminal Justice, Committee on Government Reform and Oversight

House Committee on National Security

Honorable Barbara Boxer, U.S. Senate

Honorable Dianne Feinstein, U.S. Senate

Honorable Christopher Cox, U.S. House of Representatives

Honorable Randy Cunningham, U.S. House of Representatives

Honorable Robert K. Dornan, U.S. House of Representatives

Part III - Management Comments

Department of the Navy Comments



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY
(INSTALLATIONS AND ENVIRONMENT)
1000 NAVY PENTAGON
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20350-1000

1 0 MAY 1995

memorandum for the department of Defenge assistant inspector general for auditing

SUBJECT: DODIG Draft Quick-Reaction Report on the Audit of Defense Base Closure and Realignment Budget Data for the Closure of Marine Corps Air Stations El Toro and Tustin, California, and Realignment to Naval Air Station Miramar, California (Project No. 5CG-5017.01) INFORMATION MEMORANDUM

I am responding to the draft quick-reaction audit report concerning closure of Marine Corps Air Stations El Toro and Tustin, California, and Realignment to Naval Air Station Miramar, California (Tab A). The Department of the Navy response is provided as Tab B.

Duncan Holaday Deputy Assistant Secretary (Installations and Facilities)

Copy to: NAVINSGEN NAVCOMPT (NCB-53) CNO N44 COMNAVFACENGCOM CMC (L)

Tab A - DODIG memo of 20 Mar 95
Tab B - DON Response to Draft Quick-Reaction Audit Report

Final Report Reference

DEPARTMENT OF NAVY RESPONSE

TO

DODIG PROPOSED AUDIT REPORT OF MARCH 20, 1995 ON DEFENSE BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE BUDGET DATA FOR THE CLOSURE OF MARINE CORPS AIR STATIONS

FOR THE CLOSURE OF MARINE CORPS AIR STATIONS
EL TORO AND TUSTIN CALIFORNIA, AND REALIGNMENT
TO NAVAL AIR STATION MIRAMAR, CALIFORNIA
(5CG-5017.01)

Project No: P-006T

Description: Aircraft Maintenance Complex

Location: Miramar, California

<u>DODIG Recommendation 1</u>: We recommend that the Commander, MCAS El Toro, revise and resubmit the engine test cells portion of DD Form 1391, "FY 1996 Military Construction Project Data," for project P-006T, "Aircraft Maintenance Complex," according to the existing rotary-wing engine test cell facility and requirements.

<u>DON Response</u>: Concur. The rotary-wing engine test cell for MCAS Miramar is being designed to 3,500 SF. The DD Form 1391 for P-006T, will be updated to reflect this scope before the BRAC Budget review in May.

<u>DODIG Recommendation 2</u>: We recommend that the Comptroller of the Navy reduce the total funding allocated for the engine test cell portion of project P-006T, "Aircraft Maintenance Complex," by \$3.5M and reprogram the \$3.5M to other supported and unfunded Defense Base Realignment and Closure Military Construction projects.

<u>DON Response</u>: Concur in intent. Naval Facilities Engineering Command has indicated the test cell should cost less than the \$6.56M estimated on the DD Form 1391. P-006T is due to reach 35% design on 1 May 1995. Once this certification is complete, the difference between cost certification and \$6.56M will be reprogrammed to other unfunded Department of Navy Base Realignment and Closure Military Construction requirements.

<u>DODIG Recommendation 3a</u>: We recommend that the Commander, Naval Facilities Engineering Command establish procedures to promptly inform appropriate commands to modify DD Form 1391, "FY1996 Military Construction Project Data," when architect and engineering designs are changed.

<u>DON Response</u>: Do not concur. Architect and Engineering (AE) designs are normally based upon the requirements established by the basic facilities requirements for the assigned mission. DD Form 1391 "Military Construction Project Data" is the result of

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comparing mission requirements to existing assets and determining the best alternative to satisfy the requirement. For BRACON projects, designs are usually initiated before the budget submission of the DD 1391 for the project. This allows the project planning and design to occur simultaneously and shorten the time required to complete the acquisition. During the design process, the best solution to accomplish a project requirement may dictate a revision to the preliminary DD 1391 project data. Once these changes are identified, the following steps take place:

- 1. Prior to budget submission, revised DD 1391's are submitted to NAVCOMPT in the next regular budget submission for review. After NAVCOMPT review, the budget and DD 1391's are then forwarded to OSDCOMPT then Congress.
- 2. After budget submission but prior to Congressional approval, revised DD 1391's continue to be submitted to NAVCOMPT for approval and forwarding to OSDCOMPT then Congress. Revisions which result variance (cost and/or scope) greater than 25 percent are forwarded to Congress for information.

Based upon the existing procedures to handle revised requirements, we do not believe that additional internal control procedures are necessary.

<u>DODIG Recommendation 3b</u>: We recommend that the Commander, Naval Facilities Engineering Command revise the statement of work on the contract N62467-91-0583, dated February 6, 1995, to reflect the design of a 3,500 square foot engine test cell facility.

<u>DON Response</u>: Concur. The scope of the existing Architect Engineering contract is based on a 3,500 square foot test cell facility to support the CH-46 and CH-53E helicopters with T58-16 and T-64 turboshaft engines. The February 6, 1995 statement of work scope is based upon the general configuration of the existing turboshaft cell at MCAS Tustin. Since the MCAS Tustin test cell is approximately a 3,500 square foot facility, the design required by contract N62467-91-0583 will be based on this size.

Remunbered as Recommendation 3

Audit Team Members

This report was prepared by the Contract Management Directorate, Office of the Assistant Inspector General for Auditing, DoD.

Paul J. Granetto Wayne K. Million Nicholas E. Como Samuel J. Scumaci Sherry Hoda